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Worksheets

## Date:

## Exponent Form

Instructions: Rewrite each repeated multiplication in exponent form.
(Note: You do NOT need to acctually do the multiplication in these problems.)
$12 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2=2^{4}$
2. $5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5=$ $\qquad$
3. $15 \times 15=$ $\qquad$
4. $7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7=$ $\qquad$
5. $20 \times 20 \times 20=$ $\qquad$
6 $8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8=$ $\qquad$
$732 \times 32 \times 32 \times 32 \times 32=$ $\qquad$
8 $4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4=$ $\qquad$

- $10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10=$ $\qquad$
10 $3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3=$ $\qquad$
(11) $1.6 \times 1.6 \times 1.6 \times 1.6 \times 1.6=$ $\qquad$
12 $0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.5=$ $\qquad$
$13614 \times 614 \times 614 \times 614=$ $\qquad$
14 $11 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11 \times 11=$ $\qquad$
$15.4 \times 12.4=$ $\qquad$
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## Calculating "Squares"

Instructions: Use a multiplication table to find the value of each "square".
$15^{2}=25$
(5) $7^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(7 $3^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(9) $\mathbf{1 0}^{2}=$ $\qquad$
$11 \quad 12^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(3) $6^{2}=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. $4^{2}=$ $\qquad$
4. $9^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(6) $\mathbf{1}^{2}=$ $\qquad$

8 $8^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(10) $11^{2}=$ $\qquad$

Instructions: Use a calculator to calculate the value of each "square".
$1 \quad 15^{2}=225$
(3) $2 \mathbf{0}^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(5) $13^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(7) $30^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(9) $40^{2}=$ $\qquad$

2 $14^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(4) $16^{2}=$ $\qquad$

6 $24^{2}=$ $\qquad$
(8) $18^{2}=$ $\qquad$
$10 \quad 120^{2}=$ $\qquad$

## Date:

## Calculating Exponents

Instructions: Use a calculator to calculate the value of each exponent. (Note: Try to find a calculator that has the special exponent function $\left(x^{y}\right)$ that we mentioned in the video, but if you can't, then just use the calculator to help you repeat the multiplication.)
$1 \quad \mathbf{2}^{5}=32$
(3) $4^{4}=$
$5 \quad 5^{3}=$ $\qquad$
$7 \quad 2^{8}=$

9
$3^{5}=$
$11 \quad 8^{4}=$
(13) $2^{10}=$ $\qquad$
15) $3^{6}=$
$17 \quad 15^{3}=$ $\qquad$
(19) $6^{5}=$ $\qquad$
2. $4^{3}=$
(4) $3^{3}=$ $\qquad$

6 $6^{3}=$ $\qquad$
$8 \quad 7^{3}=$
(10) $10^{3}=$ $\qquad$

12
$5^{5}=$ $\qquad$
$9^{3}=$ $\qquad$
(16) $\quad 12^{3}=$ $\qquad$
18) $11^{4}=$ $\qquad$

20
$3^{10}=$ $\qquad$
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## Powers of Two

Instructions: Computers use a number system that has only two digits: 1 and 0 . This number system is called "Binary" or "Base-2". Because this number system has only two digits, powers of two (which are exponents with 2 as the base) are very important in computer science. On this page, calculate the first ten powers of two.

1 $2^{1}=2=2$
2. $2^{2}=2 \times 2=$ $\qquad$

3 $\quad 2^{3}=2 \times 2 \times 2=$ $\qquad$
4. $2^{4}=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2=$ $\qquad$
$5 \quad 2^{5}=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2=$ $\qquad$
6. $2^{6}=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2=$ $\qquad$
$7 \quad 2^{7}=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2=$ $\qquad$

8 $\quad 2^{8}=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2=$ $\qquad$
$9 \quad 2^{9}=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2=$ $\qquad$
(10) $\quad 2^{10}=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2=$ $\qquad$

